

**SEX BY INDUSTRY AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2012
INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED
POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER**
Universe: Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings
2012 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Male:	47,517	+/-1,950
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	72,386	+/-9,617
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	38,172	+/-5,837
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	81,647	+/-4,212
Construction	52,307	+/-6,975
Manufacturing	40,440	+/-6,084
Wholesale trade	70,898	+/-9,025
Retail trade	25,010	+/-3,423
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	51,288	+/-6,249
Transportation and warehousing	50,008	+/-5,071
Utilities	61,404	+/-13,612
Information	46,957	+/-25,576
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	55,317	+/-7,931
Finance and insurance	64,387	+/-7,119
Real estate and rental and leasing	44,767	+/-15,939
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	50,418	+/-9,702
Professional, scientific, and technical services	71,975	+/-4,469
Management of companies and enterprises	-	**
Administrative and support and waste management services	31,216	+/-3,064
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	46,755	+/-4,958
Educational services	50,228	+/-7,858
Health care and social assistance	45,779	+/-6,496
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodations and food services	18,981	+/-1,958
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	21,509	+/-10,498
Accommodation and food services	18,731	+/-1,825
Other services except public administration	40,724	+/-6,046
Public administration	65,534	+/-3,534
Female:	32,216	+/-1,007
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	60,426	+/-18,025
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	28,393	+/-10,080
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	69,504	+/-16,507
Construction	26,906	+/-9,496
Manufacturing	21,070	+/-5,335
Wholesale trade	45,755	+/-15,707
Retail trade	22,443	+/-1,930
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	36,250	+/-5,454
Transportation and warehousing	33,845	+/-4,991
Utilities	51,185	+/-1,138
Information	35,152	+/-8,151
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	42,082	+/-5,430
Finance and insurance	40,978	+/-4,567
Real estate and rental and leasing	52,549	+/-12,842
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	33,418	+/-4,406
Professional, scientific, and technical services	37,013	+/-5,636
Management of companies and enterprises	-	**
Administrative and support and waste management services	26,983	+/-4,111
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	35,958	+/-1,420
Educational services	37,316	+/-5,923
Health care and social assistance	35,368	+/-1,737
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodations and food services	15,843	+/-1,252
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	12,669	+/-8,178
Accommodation and food services	16,088	+/-1,231
Other services except public administration	26,208	+/-4,145
Public administration	48,929	+/-2,933

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.